

Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

A. PRODUCT NAME : MSB(ESG)/UXL Series Battery

B. RECOMMENDED USE OF THE CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE

Electric Storage Battery.

C. MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER/DISTRIBUTOR INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER : Sebang Global Battery CO., Ltd.

> Namsan-dong 601-9, Changwon-city, Gyeongnam TEL: +82-55-279-9733 FAX: +82-55-282-2658

#### 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name / Synonym	CAS No. or ID	Content (%)
Lead	7439-92-1	69
Sulfuric acid / Oil of vitriol	7664-93-9	19 - 22
Silicon Dioxide	7631-86-9	1 - 2
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile-Styrene copolymer / ABS Resin	9003-56-9	7 - 10
Separator	Not available	3 - 4

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Do not open battery. Avoid contact with internal components.

Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, direct contact with the

liquid or exposure to vapors or mists may cause tearing, redness, swelling, A. EYES

corneal damage and irreversible eye damage. Splashes in the eyes will cause

severe burns.

Not a likely route of exposure. Direct contact with internal components of a battery can be severely irritating to the skin and may result in redness, swelling,

burns and severe skin damage. Skin contact may aggravate an existing

dermatitis condition.

Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, may be harmful or fatal if C. INHANLATION

inhaled in a confined area. May cause severe irritation and burns of the nose.

throat and respiratory tract.

Not a likely route of exposure. Causes serious burns of the mouth or D. INGESTION

perforation of the esophagus or stomach. May be fatal if swallowed.

**CHORONIC** Lead may causes toxic to blood, kidneys, central nervous system (CNS). E. TOXICITY

Repeated or prolonged exposure to lead can produce target organs damage.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

B. SKIN



A. EYE

# Material Safety Data sheet (MSDS)

Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed eve, Immediately flush eves

with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.

Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed skin. If liquid get on the

skin, immediately flush the contaminated skin with water for at least

15 minutes.

B. SKIN If liquid penetrate through the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and

shoes under a safety shower and continue to wash the skin for at least

15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

If a battery ruptures, move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of mist. If

C. INHALATION breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical attention as soon as possible.

If solutions of a battery chemicals have been swallowed and the person is

conscious, give one glass of water. Vomiting may occur spontaneously, but D. INGESTION

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

#### A. SUITABLE (AND UNSUITABLE) EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

If a battery ruptures, use dry chemical, soda ash, lime, sand or carbon dioxide.

#### B. SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL

Lead, lead compounds and sulfuric acid fume may be released during a fire involving the product.

### C. SEPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective

clothing.

### D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Battery may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to excessive heat

and may be result in the release of corrosive materials.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### A. NECESSARY MEASURES AND PROTECTIVE GEAR TO PROTECT HUMANS

If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not touch

spilled material. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8

(Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

#### B. NECESSARY MEASURES TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT

Notify authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Prevent

the product from spreading into the environment. Avoid direct discharge into

drains.

C. METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP



Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

Small spills : Collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container. If necessary

neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

Wash affected area.

Large spills Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by building a

dike. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Neutralize

the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Dispose of all contaminated materials in accordance with current local regulations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

: Protect from physical damage.

B. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE (INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES)

Avoid contact with eyes. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources

of heat, moisture, incompatibilities, and direct sunlight. Have emergency

equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A. OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT(S), BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE STANDARD

OSHA-PEL 0.05mg/m3 (Lead), 1mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid)

ACGIH-TLV TWA 0.05mg/m3 (Lead), TWA 0.2mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid)

B. APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.

C. INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES

Respiratory protection 
If significant mists or aerosols are generated an approved respirator is

recommended.

If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

Eye protection None required under normal conditions. If a battery ruptures, Wear safety

goggles or face shield.

Hand protection None required under normal conditions. If a battery ruptures, Wear chemical

resistant gloves.

Body protection

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Consider the

provision in the work area of a safety shower and eyewash. Always wash

thoroughly after handling chemicals.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. APPEARANCE Rectangular polypropylene case with metal terminals, may be contained an

outer casing of aluminum or steel. (Lead: Gray, metallic)

B. Odor : Characteristics.C. ODOR THRESHOLD : Not available.D. pH : Not applicable.



Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

E. MELTING POINT : Not applicable.F. BOILING POINT : Not available.G. FLASH POINT : Non-flammable.

H. EVAPORATION RATE : Not available.

I. FLAMMABILITY : Not available.J. VAPOR PRESSURE : Not available.

K. SOLUBILITY : Soluble in water (electrolyte)

L. VAPOR DENSITY : Not available.M. SPECIFIC GRAVITY : Not available.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

A. CHEMICAL STABILIT: Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

B. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

C. CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STATIC DISCHARGE, SHOCK, VIBRATION etc.):

Overcharging. Sources of ignition. Mechanical impact. Contact with

incompatible chemicals.

D. SUBSTANCES TO AVOID

If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials

and alkaline materials.

E. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Lead, Lead compounds and sulfuric acid fumes may be released during a fire

involving the product.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

INHALATION : Corrosive. severe irritation and burns.

INGESTION : Serious burns.

EYES Tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage, irreversible eye damage and

severe burns.

SKIN : Redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage.

B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity (possible route of exposure)

Oral (LD50): Rat 2140mg/kg (Sulfuric acid), 1530 mg/kg (Phosphoric acid)

Inhalation (LC50): Rat 0.347 mg/L(4hr) (dust//mist)

Skin corrosion/irritation : cat 1
Serious eye damage/irritation : cat 1

Respiratory sensitization : Not available.

Skin sensitization : Not available.



Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

Carcinogenicity : cat 1B

ACGIH Group A2, IARC Group1 (sulfuric acid)

※ Note: Sulfuric acid mist is not expected under normal use of the product. ACGIH Group A3, IARC Group 2B (Lead), IARC Group 3 (ABS Resin)

Germ cell mutagenicit: cat 2

Reproductive toxicity: Not available.

STOST-single exposure : cat 1 STOST-repeated exposure : cat 1

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Lead Compounds : Not available.

B. Sulfuric Acid : Lower PH below about 4 would induce fatalities in aquatic life.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

A. DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

B. PRECAUTIONS (INCLUDING DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED CONTAINER OR PACKAGE)

Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

All Global's ESG(UXL) series are valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) batteries. GLOBAL's VRLA batteries meet test specifications for "non-spillable electric storage batteries", as required by D.O.T., 49 CFR 173. 159(d), and IMO/IMDG, and ICAO/IATA packing instruction 806 and note A67; therefore, are non-regulated when protected against short circuits, kept upright, and securely packaged. The battery and the outer packaging must be plainly and durably marked "NONSPILLABLE" or "NONSPILLABLE BATTERY".

These batteries meet the requirements contained in the following special provisions.

A. Regulatory Body Special provisions

B. U. S. DOT Unregulated, meets the requirement of 49 CFR 173.159(d)
 C. IATA / ICAO Unregulated, meets the requirements of Special Revisions A67
 D. IMO IMDG Unregulated, meets the requirements of Special Revisions #238

<sup>\*</sup> Proper Shipping Name : Batteries, wet, non-spillable



Control No.	
Date First	May 16 2008
Date Revised	January 2011

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**□** INVENTORIES

(EINECS No. 231-100-4(Lead), 231-639-5(Sulfuric acid)) EINECS/EU:

Listed. (Lead, Sulfuric acid) TSCA/US:

Listed.

ENCS/JAPAN: (ENCS No. 1-527(Lead), 1-430(Sulfuric acid))

AICS/AUSTRALIA: Listed. DSL/CANADA: Listed. IECSC/CHINA: Listed. PICCS/PHILIPPINES:

> Listed (KE-21887(Lead)), (KE-32570(Sulfuric acid)) KECI/S.KOREA:

₪ U.S. Federal, Heanth and Environment) and U.S. Federal, Right-To-Know

CERCLA Section 103 (40 CFR 302.4)

Lead: 10lb (4.535kg), Sulfuric acid: 1000lb (453.599kg)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 (EHS -TPQ)

Sulfuric acid: 1000lb (453.599kg)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 304 (EHS - Reporting Quantities)

Sulfuric acid: 1000lb (453.599kg)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic chemical release reporting

Sulfuric acid (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne

forms of any particle size)

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not propose to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Sebang Global Battery CO., Ltd. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s). Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this MSDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

### **GLOBAL BATTERY CO., LTD.**